# **Combined Labour Building Scheme**

### **Objective**

The primary objective of this scheme is to create a supportive environment for laborers by providing them with accessible facilities that facilitate training, employment services, and various support resources. These buildings will act as hubs for labor-related activities, enhancing the overall welfare of workers in the state.

## **Key Components**

### 1. Construction of New Combined Labour Buildings

### • Facility Purpose:

 The new buildings will be designed to accommodate various services for laborers, including training programs, employment assistance, and welfare services.

### • Design Features:

- Multi-Purpose Spaces: Facilities will include classrooms for skill development workshops, meeting rooms for counseling sessions, and common areas for networking and community gatherings.
- **Accessibility:** Ensuring that the buildings are designed to be accessible to all individuals, including those with disabilities.

#### Location Selection:

o Buildings will be strategically located in areas with a high concentration of laborers to maximize accessibility and utilization.

# 2. Completion of Remaining Construction Works

### • Ongoing Projects:

 The scheme will also allocate funds to complete any remaining construction works on existing Combined Labour Buildings, ensuring that all facilities meet necessary standards and are operational.

### Quality Assurance:

o Adhering to building codes and regulations to ensure safety, durability, and functionality of the structures.

# **Implementation Considerations**

### 1. Planning and Coordination

### • Site Assessments:

 Conducting thorough assessments to identify suitable locations for new buildings, considering factors such as population density, accessibility, and proximity to labor markets.

### • Stakeholder Engagement:

 Collaborating with local labor unions, community organizations, and other stakeholders to understand the specific needs of the labor community and incorporate their feedback into the design and functionality of the buildings.

# 2. Funding and Resource Allocation

### • Budget Management:

• Allocating funds judiciously to ensure that all construction projects are completed on time and within budget.

# • Sourcing Materials:

 Utilizing locally sourced materials where possible to support the local economy and ensure sustainability.

# 3. Monitoring and Evaluation

### • Project Oversight:

 Establishing a monitoring framework to track the progress of construction activities, ensuring they meet timelines and quality standards.

### • Post-Construction Assessment:

• Evaluating the effectiveness of the buildings once completed, including user satisfaction and the impact on labor services and support.

The "Construction of Combined Labour Building (General) Scheme" under the DET in Bihar represents a significant investment in the welfare of the labor community. By constructing new facilities and completing ongoing projects, the scheme aims to create accessible spaces where laborers can access training, employment assistance, and support services. This initiative not only enhances the quality of life for workers but also contributes to the overall economic development of the state by fostering a more skilled and empowered labor force. Through careful planning, stakeholder engagement, and ongoing evaluation, the scheme aims to meet the evolving needs of Bihar's labor community effectively.